Winning work in the age of Al **How professional** services firms are transforming proposal generation

The way professional services firms respond to pitches and tenders is broken. Mark Bilson explains how ikaun helped global firms Arup and GHD fix this business development bottleneck.

by Mark Bilson ikaur

cross professional services, the volume of client requests for proposals has surged while business development teams remain lean, if not shrinking. In legal, architecture, engineering, and consulting, firms are navigating an increasingly competitive marketplace where the ability to win work hinges on the speed and quality of their proposals. But too often, those proposals are being assembled in ways that haven't meaningfully changed in over a decade.

What used to be an occasional RFP is now a daily demand. Marketing and business development leaders are expected to support dozens - sometimes hundreds - of pursuits each month, often with no additional headcount or systems support. The result is a

growing misalignment: fee earners are pulled into low-leverage tasks, proposal specialists are overwhelmed, and firms are forced to choose between speed and quality. That tradeoff is no longer acceptable to clients.

According to a 2024 McKinsey report, over 70% of professional services buyers say the quality of the proposal has a 'significant impact' on their selection decision. At the same time, Gartner data shows that the average proposal team spends over 60% of their time on manual content assembly and formatting-time that could be reinvested in strategic messaging, competitive intelligence, or tailoring the submission to the client's needs.

This isn't simply an operational inefficiency. It's a structural bottleneck that costs firms' real revenue and undermines their ability to scale. Firms are not losing work because they lack talent, they're losing because they haven't equipped their teams with the systems needed to unlock that talent at scale.

What's broken: The old way of doing proposals

At the heart of this issue is a reliance on outdated and fragmented processes.

Arup, an 18,000-person engineering and design consultancy, was producing over 10,000 bids per year across its global offices. Each of these bids required dozens of bespoke CVs, tailored project descriptions, and cross-disciplinary contributions - much of which was being sourced manually from legacy systems, shared drives, or individual desktop files. The firm was spending millions annually in staff time just to assemble submissions, a workload that left little room for strategy, customization, or creativity.

GHD, another global AEC firm with 11,000 plus professionals and operations across five continents, faced a similar problem. With more than 400 proposals submitted each month, GHD's teams were forced to rely on regionally siloed content, inconsistent templates, and fragmented review processes. Proposal quality was inconsistent, institutional knowledge was poorly leveraged, and high performers were spending too much time reworking boilerplate content.

The common thread: in both cases, despite the immense depth of expertise within these organisations, there was no scalable system to deploy that knowledge across opportunities. The firms were overflowing with relevant experience but lacked the infrastructure to put it to work.

The new era: Unified experience platforms

To overcome these limitations, both Arup and GHD invested in modern experience platforms - centralized systems designed to manage people, projects, and expertise as structured, queryable data. Rather than treating proposal content as a collection of static documents, these firms began treating it as a living knowledge asset.

At Arup, the initiative took the form of Arup People, a global system now used by more than 18,000 professionals to manage CVs, project histories and areas of technical expertise. The platform integrates data from multiple legacy sources and enables real-time collaboration across borders and business units. CV generation is now semi-automated, and proposal teams can assemble complex, interdisciplinary submissions with unprecedented speed and precision.

Rethinking technology evaluations in professional services

Too many firms still evaluate technology through a 1990s procurement lens: issue an RFP, pick the feature-richest vendor and spend the next 18 months configuring for every hypothetical scenario. These waterfall-style deployments are slow, costly and frequently fail-not because the tech is flawed, but because the deployment model is.

Firms like Arup and GHD succeeded by taking a different approach: starting small, proving value, and scaling based on outcomes, not assumptions. Each began with a tightly scoped pilot. Each showed ROI early. Each treated the initial rollout as a proof of value rather than a final implementation.

This agile, outcome-oriented model is more than a deployment tactic-it's a cultural shift. It prioritizes adoption over perfection, speed over scope, and results over risk aversion. For firms serious about modernizing business development, it's the only approach that works.

Our goal wasn't just to speed up proposals - it was to ensure that every submission used the full depth of our global expertise to reference the most compelling value proposition, no matter where it originated.

Sonia Adams Global Chief Client Officer, GHD

At GHD, the transformation focused on bid standardization. The firm created a modular content library that allows proposal managers in Canada, the US, Australia and elsewhere to generate regionally compliant responses using a shared foundation of approved content. Each module, ranging from methodology statements to QA processes to bios, can be adapted by AI to reflect the specific client, jurisdiction or sector. As a result, teams now begin each proposal with 60 - 80% of the content already drafted and contextually aligned.

Crucially, both firms built these systems with adoption in mind. Templates, content libraries, expertfinder tools and multilingual search features are embedded into workflows and not layered on top of them. That design principle has driven engagement, allowing these platforms to become core infrastructure rather than optional add-ons.

Al's role in winning work

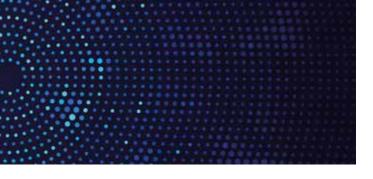
Artificial intelligence plays a pivotal role in these platforms, not as a gimmick but as a set of targeted, highimpact capabilities.

Generative AI enables the rapid creation of bios, capability statements, project summaries and executive narratives by synthesizing structured firm data. This accelerates the content development process while ensuring consistency and accuracy across submissions.

Agentic AI goes further. It applies rules and patterns to automate complex decisions, such as:

- · Bid/no-bid analysis based on historic win rates, client behaviour and
- proposal complexity; · Identification of gaps in credentials or
- compliance criteria; Pricing recommendations based
- on past engagements and sector benchmarks; and
- match specific client templates or procurement systems.

For Arup, these capabilities have had a measurable impact. The time available for tailoring CVs has



• Real-time formatting of output to

doubled, enabling deeper alignment between each submission and the client's expectations. The quality and competitiveness of bids has improved, not by adding resources but by eliminating inefficiencies that previously consumed them.

Lessons learned and strategic implications

The takeaway from Arup and GHD's transformation is not simply about technology. It's about orchestration. Winning work at scale requires alignment across people, processes and platforms.

People. Leadership buy-in is essential. At Arup, executive teams led the charge, embedding the platform into core processes like onboarding, performance reviews and appraisals to ensure long-term adoption.

Process. GHD's approach to modular, reusable content shows that standardization does not have to mean rigidity. The firm balanced consistency with regional customization to support both brand integrity and local responsiveness.

Technology. Experience platforms with embedded AI are redefining what it means to compete in business development. Firms still using file shares, spreadsheets and Word-based templates will increasingly find themselves outpaced; not because they lack capability, but because they lack scalability.

This is not about marginal gains. It's about building a system that continuously learns, improves, and accelerates the firm's ability to compete for work. AI alone isn't the answer, but AI embedded in a well-designed operating model is becoming the new standard.

Mark Bilson is the Chief Revenue Officer at ikaun, the AI-powered pitch and proposal platform that helps AEC and professional services firms win more work. With nearly 20 years in legal tech leadership, Mark specialises in expertise management, RFP strategy and procurement-driven growth.